

## **INNOVATION AND SOCIAL RELATIONS**

**Khodjayev S.B. (Republic of Uzbekistan)**

**Email: Khodjayev515@scientifictext.ru**

*Khodjayev Sardor Bokhodirovich- Teacher,  
HISTORY FACULTY,  
DEPARTMENT OF THE THEORY OF DEVELOPING DEMOCRATIC  
SOCIETY IN UZBEKISTAN,  
URGENCH STATE UNIVERSITY,  
URGENCH, REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN*

**Abstract:** *innovative ideas have a great effect on the development of society. Innovation plays an important role in the development of such ideas. Because it is possible to create a new type of innovation in scientific and creative activity. This happens when a new idea, theory, or paradigm prevails. On the basis of their scientific discoveries, the innovator will fundamentally change the existing theories, and the main task will be to put these new ideas into practice. This article discusses problems related to the innovation and their introduction into the educational process.*

**Keywords:** *innovation, economy, activities, theory and practice.*

## **ИННОВАЦИИ И СОЦИАЛЬНЫЕ ОТНОШЕНИЯ**

**Ходжаев С.Б. (Республика Узбекистан)**

*Ходжаев Сардор Боходирович- учитель,  
исторический факультет,  
отдел теории развития демократического общества в Узбекистане,  
Ургенчский государственный университет,  
г. Ургенс, Республика Узбекистан*

**Аннотация:** *инновационные идеи оказывают большое влияние на развитие общества. Инновации играют важную роль в развитии таких идей. Потому что можно создать новый тип инноваций в научной и творческой деятельности. Это происходит, когда преобладает новая идея, теория или парадигма. На основе своих научных открытий новатор коренным образом изменит существующие теории, и главная задача будет заключаться в том, чтобы воплотить эти новые идеи в жизнь. В данной статье рассматриваются проблемы, связанные с инновациями и их внедрением в образовательный процесс.*

**Ключевые слова:** *инновация, экономика, деятельность, теория и практика.*

Institutional and functional changes in the economic life of society lead a person to be more creative, innovate, and lead to the formation of innovative aesthetic forms of economic activity, theoretical activities. The activity of young people is intensified and is manifested in economic activity only as innovations in manufacturing, services and tourism. Since ancient times, people's aspiration to create cultural values has come from business, economic production or social relations, real-life needs. These needs dictated the nature and essence of human economic activity, and therefore, the western nations created innovative economics, economic and aesthetic values, which were significantly different from those of the East.

However, it should be remembered that the basis of economic and aesthetic values is also artistic and aesthetic, spiritual needs of the person. Effective implementation of innovative technologies and developments to improve the welfare of our people, improve the legislation governing their relationships with their authors and customers, improve the regulatory framework, establish a single authorized body for innovation infrastructure, state budget, funding for businesses and organizations.

One of the main directions of the strategy of development through sponsorship and charity. "Creating an environment of innovation in our people's vision is our most important task. Without innovation, there would be no competition or development in any industry. Without advancing our people wide-ranging in this area, we will not be able to keep up with the pace of the modern era and unprecedented scientific and technical achievements. Therefore, the development of this activity at the level of modern requirements should be the main task of the new ministry, as well as the center,"- said Shavkat Mirziyoev.

It was noted that in the globalization of the world economy, the issues of improving the mechanisms of state support of national innovative scientific and technical activity in Uzbekistan, wide introduction of innovative technologies in agriculture, formation of innovative strategies in various sectors of the economy should be in the focus of scientists and lawmakers.

The word innovation is at the heart of the term innovation. These words came from the foreign languages in the Uzbek language. The word has been translated from Russian into Uzbek, meaning "to enter into the news," "the new way," and "the introduction." The term "innovation" is used in the explanatory dictionary of the Uzbek language as the concept of investing in the economy to introduce new types of technology and technology. The term "innovation" has been described and interpreted differently in special dictionaries and literature.

In particular, the term "innovation" in the book "Great Accountants Dictionary" published in Russian: 1) investing in the economy to ensure the replacement of the generation of technology; 2) new technical and technological contents that are the result of scientific and technical achievements.

In general, the creation of an innovative environment is indicative of the radical transformation of the economy and its transformation into a new one. It is time requirement to bring innovation to a certain area, bring new products to the market, and, of course, innovative way in the production process. The main types of innovation are: technological products, development or perfection of technology and new advanced technological processes; social (process) - updating of human life (education, management, charity, service); organized; marketing.

In particular, the use of innovations in manufacturing and small business means the creation of new production technologies and techniques, the application of the latest research findings, and the use of modern and more profitable methods. Innovation is the aesthetic of economic existence, technological existence, productive forces and relationships.

Innovation of youth economic activity in society. The manifestation of the period is a whole aesthetic complex, from labor to the brand. Creativity, internal impulse, legal protection and financial support of the young people will achieve high results. The results of youth fairs and youth artifacts in the innovation market are reflected in aesthetic activities such as technical aesthetics, environmental aesthetics, labor aesthetics, and production aesthetics.

It is not accidental that in the conditions of the development of civil society a great attention is paid to the spirituality, social and economic activity of young people, their aesthetic awareness, worldview and culture. This is because man has become his destiny and responsible for social welfare, freedom and creative labor, as well as political, economic, and moral freedom. As a result, first of all, the attitude of young people towards labor has radically changed;

Secondly, in the recent past, a spirit of private ownership and possession has been established and active in the recent past, completely alienated from the human nature.

Thirdly, in the process of economic activation, the private, as well as the social nature of labor, which forms the material basis of free entrepreneurship and entrepreneurship, was more clearly manifested.

Fourth, small business and private entrepreneurship have become the leading social status in our society. Now, due to the economic activity of the youth, the combination of labor and private ownership and aesthetic factors has not affected social relations, but has become a major tool in the economic upbringing of youth, in particular, in its aesthetic maturity.

Fifth, protection of the environment, preserving its aesthetic and educational, human and synergetic potential in the context of globalization has become one of the most important tasks. Our new society, based on national and universal values, requires a humanistic approach to the environment, awareness of its laws and the rational use of its material resources.

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